# Activity: What is Democracy? Civics



## **Pair-Share**

- Define "Democracy"
- Explain the different types of democracy.
- What are some characteristics of democracy?

#### **Standard**

CA 12.1 Students explain the fundamental principles and moral values of American democracy as expressed in the U.S. Constitution and other essential documents of American democracy.

## Objective

Students will be able to explain the fundamental principles and moral values of American democracy by summarizing the major concepts of democracy.

## Democracy

a system of government in which the people rule either directly, or through elected representatives.

#### **Forms of Democracy**

- direct or pure democracy a form of democracy in which the people as a whole make direct decisions, rather than have those decisions made for them by elected representatives.
  - Examples of Direct Democracy:
    - referendum The practice of submitting a law to a popular vote at election time. The law may be proposed by a voter's initiative or by the legislature.
    - recall A procedure whereby the voters can vote to remove an elected official from office.
- representative democracy A political system in which leaders and representatives acquire political power by means of a competitive struggle for the people's vote.
- Critical Thinking: What kind of democracy is the United States?

## Which One is It?

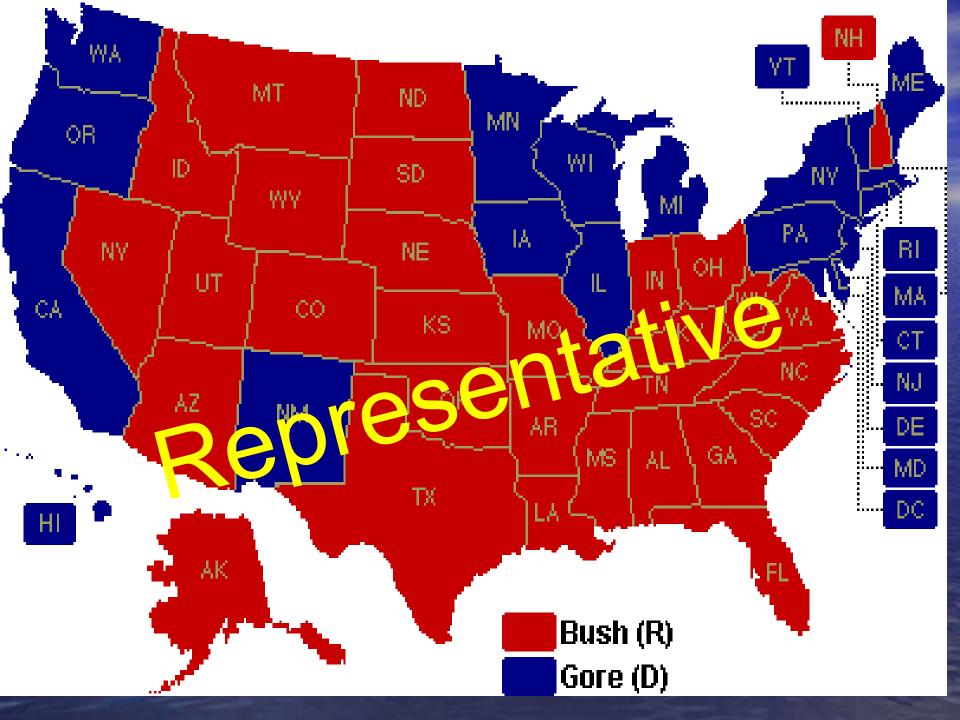
Direct or Representative Democracy

## Ariz. Referendum Drives Targeting New Law Dropped



PHOENIX -- The two proposed referendum drives challenging Arizona's new sweeping law targeting illegal immigration are being abandoned, organizers said Monday.

Andrew Chavez, a professional petition circulator involved in one of the efforts, said its backers pulled the plug after concluding they might not be able to time their petition filings in such a way as to put the law on hold.





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## Congress



#### Foundations

The American concept of democracy rests on these basic notions:

- (1) A recognition of the fundamental worth and dignity of every person;
- (2) A respect for the equality of all persons;
- (3) A faith in majority rule and an insistence upon minority rights;
- (4) An acceptance of the necessity of compromise; and
- (5) An insistence upon the widest possible degree of individual freedom.

## Pair Activity

- With your partner read U1 S3

  Basic Concepts of Democracy and complete the corresponding worksheet.
- Be sure to write the definition in your OWN words.

#### Worth of the Individual

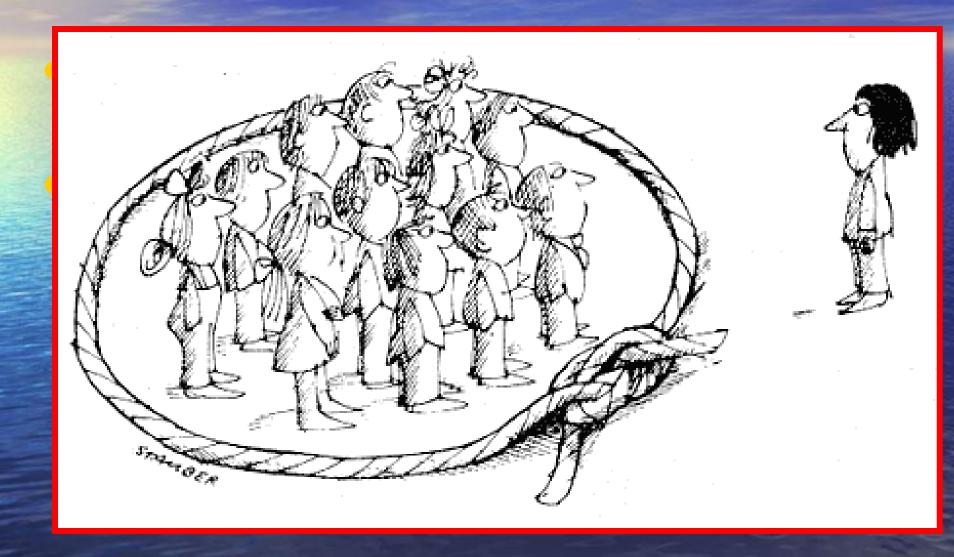
every individual has the potential for common sense, rationality and fairness and are entitled to "certain unalienable rights"

## Equality of all persons

- "all men are created equal,"
- but what kind of equality? Economic,



## Majority Rule, Minority Rights



## **Necessity of Compromise**



#### **Individual Freedom**



## Review Question

Describe the relationship between the rights of the individual and the rights of the overall society in a Democracy